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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/778,015	02/07/2001	Jun Suzuki	Q62980	6229
7590 02/08/2005 SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS 2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			LETSCHER, GEORGE J	
_	OC 20037-3202		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
,			2653	
			DATE MAILED: 02/08/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/778,015	SUZUKI ET AL			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		George J. Letscher	2653			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE - External after - If the - If NO - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we have to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days all apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 No	ovember 2004.				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>6 and 7</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)[_]	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
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Attachmen		A) The Interview Comment	(PTO 413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
, —	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Page 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)			
	mdomark Office					

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/22/04 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (e) the invention was described in-
- (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or
- (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).
- 3. Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shinozuka et al (US 6,404,728).

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Claims 3-5 recite the following elements, inter alia, disclosed in Shinozuka et al 728: a lens device (1) having an objective lens (2) and drive coils (12, 13) fixed to the lens holder (3); a plurality of wire-form elastic members (6) made of metal which energize the drive coils. The lens holder is a resin with its two side ends of wire-form elastic metal members such that the wire form members are embedded within the lens holder and suspension base; see Figures 3, 6 or 8 where the wire members are embedded, i.e., to make an integral part of, and fixed via adhesive; see column 3, lines 50-59 & column 12, lines 10-26. This electrically connects the wires 6 to the drive coils 12,13 and the lens holder. Two ends of the lens holder are exposed so that they are connection terminals to the drive coils. The lens and drive coils are fixed on the lens holder. See Figures 2-3 & 6-8 of Shinozuka et al 728.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that

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the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

6. Claims 1-3 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over in Tanaka (US 5,068,844) view of Shinozuka et al 728.

The aforementioned claims recite the following features, inter alia, disclosed in Tanaka: a lens device (1) having an objective lens (28) and drive coils (29-31) fixed to the lens holder (25); a plurality of wire-form elastic members (14-15) made of metal which energize the drive coils. The lens holder has its two side ends connected with wire-form elastic metal members such that the wire form members are buried (claim 1), i.e., covered from view, as well as embedded (claim 3) within the lens holder and suspension base (via recesses (18a-d)) where they are fixed via adhesive; see Figures 1-2 of Tanaka; see column 3, lines 30-49 & column 12, lines 10-26. This electrically connects the wires (14-15, 21-22) to the drive coils and lens holder. Two ends of the lens holder are exposed so that they are connection terminals to the drive coils. The lens and drive coils are fixed on the lens holder.

Regarding claims 1 and 3, Tanaka does not expressly show the lens holder being a resin. Shinozuka et al 728 shows its lens device having an integral resin lens holder and wire holder; see column 8, lines 50-68. The description of Shinozuka et al 728 is in paragraph 3, supra.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have furnished the optical disc lens drive device having wire-form elastic members integrally connected, buried, embedded, with lens and wire, i.e., connective holders, as shown by Tanaka with the lens holder being made of a resin as taught by Shinozuka et al 728. The rationale is as follows: one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to have furnished the optical disc lens drive device having wire-form elastic members integrally connected, buried, embedded with fixing arms as shown by Tanaka as taught by Shinozuka et al 728 since one of ordinary skill in the art recognized that the wires were attached in such a manner that the positional relationships which they have immediately after they are molded are maintained; see column 3, lines 44-49 of Shinozuka et al 728.

Response to Amendment

7. Applicant's arguments filed 11/22/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 3 have been considered by the Examiner but are not deemed persuasive as Tanaka clearly illustrates buried, embedded wires in the lens holder and wire holder portions of the lens device. The "molding" term in the claims refers to a method step and has only been accorded weight as to its resin material structure.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George Letscher whose telephone number is (703) 305-7912.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4750.

George Letscher February 7, 2005

> George Letscher Primary Examiner AU 2653